

Dihedral Group of Order 8 (D_4)

```
> restart;
```

```
We load the GroupTheory package;
```

```
> with(GroupTheory);
```

```
[ <|>, AbelianInvariants, AllPerfectGroups, AllSmallGroups, AllTransitiveGroups, Alt, AlternatingGroup, AreConjugate, AreIsomorphic, BabyMonster, CayleyGraph, CayleyTable, CayleyTableGroup, Center, Centraliser, Centralizer, Centre, ComplexProduct, ConjugacyClass, ConjugacyClasses, Conjugator, ConwayGroup, Core, CustomGroup, CycleIndexPolynomial, CyclicGroup, Degree, DerivedLength, DerivedSeries, DerivedSubgroup, DicyclicGroup, DihedralGroup, DirectProduct, DrawCayleyTable, DrawSubgroupLattice, ElementOrder, ElementaryGroup, Elements, Embedding, ExceptionalGroup, Exponent, FPGGroup, Factor, FischerGroup, FittingSubgroup, FrattiniSubgroup, FreeGroup, GL, GaloisGroup, GeneralLinearGroup, GeneralOrthogonalGroup, GeneralUnitaryGroup, Generators, Group, GroupOrder, HaradaNortonGroup, HeldGroup, HigmanSimsGroup, Hypercenter, Hypercentre, IdentifySmallGroup, Index, Intersection, IsAbelian, IsAlternating, IsCommutative, IsCyclic, IsElementary, IsFinite, IsNilpotent, IsNormal, IsPerfect, IsPrimitive, IsRegular, IsSimple, IsSoluble, IsSolvable, IsSubgroup, IsSymmetric, IsTransitive, JankoGroup, Labels, LeftCoset, LeftCosets, LowerCentralSeries, LyonsGroup, MathieuGroup, McLaughlinGroup, MetacyclicGroup, Monster, NilpotencyClass, NilpotentResidual, NonRedundantGenerators, NormalClosure, Normaliser, NormaliserSubgroup, NormalizerSubgroup, NumGroups, NumPerfectGroups, NumTransitiveGroups, ONanGroup, Operations, Orbit, Orbits, OrthogonalGroup, PCore, PGL, PGU, PSL, PSU, PSp, PerfectGroup, PermApply, PermCommutator, PermConjugate, PermCycleType, PermDegree, PermFixed, PermInverse, PermLeftQuotient, PermOrder, PermParity, PermPower, PermProduct, PermRightQuotient, PermSupport, PermutationGroup, PresentationComplexity, ProjectiveGeneralLinearGroup, ProjectiveGeneralUnitaryGroup, ProjectiveSpecialLinearGroup, ProjectiveSpecialUnitaryGroup, ProjectiveSymplecticGroup, QuaternionGroup, RandomElement, Relators, RightCoset, RightCosets, RubiksCubeGroup, RudvalisGroup, SL, SearchSmallGroups, SearchTransitiveGroups, Simplify, SmallGroup, SolubleResidual, SolvableResidual, SpecialLinearGroup, SpecialOrthogonalGroup, SpecialUnitaryGroup, Stabiliser, Stabilizer, Subgroup, SubgroupLattice, SubgroupMembership, Supergroup, SuzukiGroup, SylowSubgroup, Symm, SymmetricGroup, SymplecticGroup, ThompsonGroup, TitsGroup, TransitiveGroup, TrivialGroup, UpperCentralSeries ]
```

```
We ask for the dihedral group of order 8 (in general, of order  $2 \cdot n$ ), the group of symmetries of the square (in general, of a  $n$ -sided regular polygon.
```










```
> G:=DihedralGroup(4);
```

```
G :=  $D_4$ 
```

We find a Cayley or operations table for the group.

> DrawCayleyTable (G) ;










	e	a	b	c	d	f	g	h
e	e	a	b	c	d	f	g	h
a	a	e	h	g	f	d	c	b
b	b	h	e	d	c	g	f	a
c	c	g	f	a	b	h	e	d
d	d	f	g	h	e	a	b	c
f	f	d	c	b	a	e	h	g
g	g	c	d	e	h	b	a	f
h	h	b	a	f	g	c	d	e

	Curve 1		Polygons 1		Polygons 2
	Polygons 3		Polygons 4		Polygons 5
	Polygons 6		Polygons 7		Polygons 8

We get the same table from the following.

> DrawCayleyTable (G, labels=letters) ;

	e	a	b	c	d	f	g	h
e	e	a	b	c	d	f	g	h
a	a	e	h	g	f	d	c	b
b	b	h	e	d	c	g	f	a
c	c	g	f	a	b	h	e	d
d	d	f	g	h	e	a	b	c
f	f	d	c	b	a	e	h	g
g	g	c	d	e	h	b	a	f
h	h	b	a	f	g	c	d	e

	Curve 1		Polygons 1		Polygons 2
	Polygons 3		Polygons 4		Polygons 5
	Polygons 6		Polygons 7		Polygons 8

But we can also get this.

```
> DrawCayleyTable(G, labels=numbers) ;
```

